

Premium

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General Amino Acids Transport Systems

Produced for the CRC for Premium Quality Wool undergraduate program by; Prof Phil Hynd, The University of Adelaide.

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How do amino acids enter cells?

- transport mechanisms:
 - passive
 - biochemical
 - concentration gradient
 - for neutral amino acids
 - electrochemical
 - membrane potential
 - for charged amino acids
 - active



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Active transport in mammalian cells

- Occurs against a concentration gradient

 ATP is required to provide energy for the transport
- Requires carrier transport proteins
- 3 step process
 - binding of the solute to one side of the membrane
 - translocation across the membrane
 - release at the internal surface
- Amino acids mainly enter cells by active transport systems



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Carrier transport systems in mammalian cells

uniport

transports one molecule down a gradient

symport and antiport

 movement of one molecule against the concentration gradient, driven by movement of ions down an electrochemical gradient

ATPase pump creates a gradient

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Movements of substances



Phil Hynd