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Chemical Signalling - hormones and growth factors

Produced for the CRC for Premium Quality Wool undergraduate program by;
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Chemical Signals

- **Hormones, growth factors, neurotransmitters**
 - Steroids / hydrophobic - testosterone
 - Proteins (peptides) / hydrophilic - GH, IGF
 - Combination /partly hydrophilic/phobic - Thyroxine
- **Produced by a number of cell types**
- **How do they convey specific signals?**
 - through their unique structure
 - through receptors in target cells
 - these can affect gene expression or cell cycle

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General properties of growth factors

- small proteins (5 - 30kDa)
- found in various animal tissues
- accelerate the transport of ions and nutrients
- stimulate growth and development
 - increase DNA, RNA, protein synthesis and lipogenesis
 - decrease protein breakdown and lipolysis

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Similarities of growth factors and hormones

- structural
- specific receptors
- use secondary messengers
- some functions

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Differences between growth factors and hormone properties

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	<u>Hormones</u>	<u>Growth factors</u>
• Response	Rapid/Acute	Slower
• Action	Endocrine	Auto/para/endo.
• Production	Secretory cell	All cells
• Release	Bolus	Diffusion
• Receptors	Inter & extracellular	Cell membrane