

The Principles of Promotion

Produced for the CRC for Premium Quality Wool undergraduate program by;

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Marketing Expenditure

Total since 1936 (1997/98 prices)

\$12.6 billion

Total since 1974

\$9.8 billion

78% of Total since 1936

All following as <u>% Total since 1974</u>

R&D

5%

Promotion

29%

Market Support (RPS)

52%

Government Contribution

14%

- R&D

35%

Promotion

65%



AWRAP Expenditure 1991/2 to 1995/6

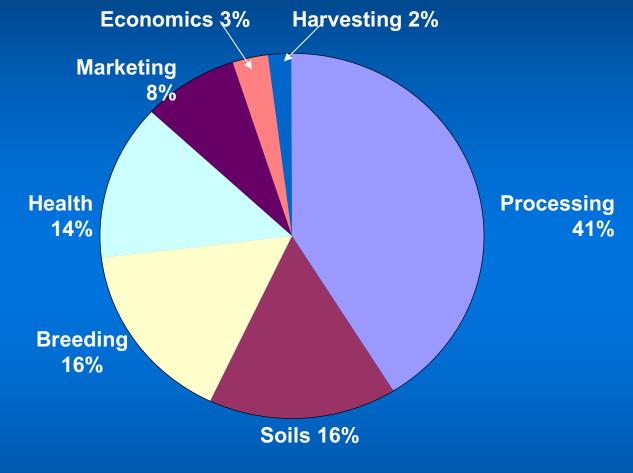


for

Premium

Quality

Wool



- R&D
- Promotion

- \$136 million (19%)
- \$588 million (81%)



Concept of Promotion

- economic concept
 - providing information to consumers
- Taskforce
 - Product Marketing
 - trade promotion
 - technical promotion
 - industrial marketing
 - Consumer Marketing
 - generic promotion
 - brand promotion
 - advertising

PUSH

(personnel)

PULL

(\$\$\$\$)



Generic Promotion

- cooperative effort to increase demand by producers
- producers don't advertise on their own account
 - incentive?
 - ability?
- products are more or less homogeneous
 - revenue collection
 - public policy issues
 - some products are less homogenous



Brand Promotion

- more usual form
- private firms attempt to:
 - increase their profits
 - increase demand
 - advertising & others means
 - fibres (Dupont Nylon, Lycra)
 - clothing (Levi Strauss jeans)
- agricultural products (in general)
 - generic rather than brand (case by case)



Successful Promotion

- depends upon
 - the content of the promotion
 - the <u>nature of the product</u>
 - the structure of the market

 What do you think about the nature of wool as a product?

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The Nature of the Product

- not all commodities are the same
- framework for success in promotion
 - theory of industrial organisation
- distinctions of goods (2 frameworks)
 - search, experience & credence
 - convenience & non-convenience



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Search, Experience & Credence

search goods

- attributes judged before purchase
- most advertising is about price and quality
- amenable to <u>brand promotion</u>

experience goods

- attributes determined after purchase
- consumers must use the product first
- amenable to generic promotion

credence goods

- attributes cannot easily be judged by consumers
- rely on guarantees provided by firms or governments
- amenable to generic promotion
- Agricultural products (in general)
 - experience & credence properties



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Wool Categorisation

search good

- developed markets
 - new markets may be different??
- standard clothing items
- consumers are familiar with wool properties
 - purchase decision based on price and quality
- amenable to <u>brand promotion</u>

experience

- sometimes
 - e.g. "pilling" performance
 - consumers can only find out what the performance is

credence

- does not have credence attributes per se
 - tenuous link between fashion, style and fibre content



Convenience and Non-convenience

- convenience goods
 - sold by description alone
 - consumer familiar with performance
 - amenable to brand promotion
- non-convenience goods
 - require information services provided by retailers



Wool Categorisation

- convenience good
 - wool is readily sold by description
 - no elaborate services provided by retailers
 - developed markets especially
- amenable to <u>brand promotion</u>

- maybe some information helpful
 - eg. machine washable, anti-pilling

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Wool Promotion - generic or brand?

- Wool is a
 - search good
 - with some experience attributes
 - convenience good

therefore

- more amenable to <u>brand promotion</u> however,
 - market maturity has an effect
 - wool-specific features may be neglected
 - new products

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Woolmark

- Woolmark is a brand??
 - quality mark (originally)
 - ingredient brand (AWRAP)
 - sub-branding strategies
- Future Directions Taskforce
 - "Woolmark conveys awareness of content but not of benefit"
 - "(some) proprietary brands have a stronger market presence than Woolmark itself"

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Country-of-Origin Promotion

e.g. NZ wool, Tasmanian salmon, Californian wine

Issues

- can wool be identified by country of origin?
- enforcement?
- what happens to the behaviour of private firms?
- are consumers concerned with country-oforigin?
- country-of-origin as "target" in conflict



Further Reference

 Report to the Minister for Agriculture and Resources from the Wool Industry Taskforce (1996), Wool Growing in Victoria, Pathways to Profitability, Dept. of Natural Resources & Environment, Victoria